



# THE CITIZEN

A Weekly Newspaper.

Berea, KENTUCKY.

## OUR PLATFORM.

This paper aims to bring the best reading to every fireside. Reading is a great thing, but it makes a big difference what you read.

The CITIZEN brings, first of all, the news—not every tale of crime or horror, but the important news—the news from Washington and the State capital, from our soldiers in far off islands, from our neighbors everywhere. For the young folks we have a story and a Bible lesson; for housewives, a few new ideas each week which should lighten their labors; for the farmer some valuable hints which will help him to make more from his land and cattle.

We propose to get the best ideas that can be found on all such practical and important matters and pass them around among our readers. The resources of Berea College are not for its students alone. The editor of this paper can at any time step into the largest College library in the State, and he has engaged several of the most distinguished instructors in the College to take charge of special departments in the paper. Those who are visited by THE CITIZEN will know what is going on in the world. Every week it will tell them something worth knowing.

THE CITIZEN is pledged to no party. It is every man's friend. It stands for the things which benefit all—temperance, thrift, kindness, enterprise, and education. And we ask all who believe in these things to subscribe for THE CITIZEN

## Madison County.

The hay and feed store of Letcher & Witt burned Monday night.

Squire Williams is the Democratic nominee for magistrate in the Fox-tow District.

There was a small attendance at County Court Monday, and very little business was done.

The firm of Douglas Bros., Gent's Outfitters, Richmond, has changed to Douglas & Crutcher.

Dr. A. Wilkes Smith, of Richmond, has been elected to the chair of Biology and Dental Hygiene in the Louisville College of Dentistry.

John T. McClintock, chairman of the Republican County Committee, has been appointed assistant postmaster at Richmond with a salary of \$1,000 a year.

Sheriff Colyer sold at public auction Monday, at the court house in Richmond, 1,136 stray logs caught at Ford by Burt Brabb & Co. The logs were bought by Capt. Thomas for \$2,000.

The value of taxable property in Madison County, according to the County Assessor, is \$4,762,800. The State Board of Equalization fixes the taxable property at a valuation of \$8,902,000.

The Shearer heirs have filed a suit in the Madison Circuit Court to recover \$3,000 from Central University, the money being an accumulated fund from a donation from Mrs. Rebecca Shearer. The removal of the Central University from Richmond is the cause of the suit.

Mr. Charles B. Hamilton, late book-keeper for D. H. Meyers, has accepted a position of individual book-keeper at the Madison National Bank, to succeed James M. Crutcher, who has purchased the interest of S. Z. Douglas in the firm of Douglas Bros., Shoe Dealers, Richmond.

Harry Blazer, of Scaffold Cane, one of the six candidates for nomination to the office of County Clerk of Rockcastle County, was in town Tuesday.

## 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

## PATENTS

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## LOCALS AND PERSONALS.

Fresh bread at Bicknell & Early's. Prof. J. W. Dinsmore has returned home.

C. M. Rawlings was in Lancaster Monday.

Oscar L. Preston is visiting friends in Lexington.

Miss Lizzie Lodwick leaves for her home Friday.

John Hatfield, of Kirby Knob, was in town Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Mason are at State Lick Springs.

W. C. Lusk will teach the Hickory Plains school this year.

Quite a crowd from here attended County Court Monday.

Mr. A. T. Fish and S. E. Welch leave today for Cincinnati.

T. G. Paseo left Monday morning for Cumberland Gap, Tenn.

Mrs. A. T. Fish spent last week in Lexington visiting friends.

Bicknell & Early carry a full line of Window Sash and Doors.

Bicknell & Early have a full line of the very best Enamored Ware.

Hermann Klima is enjoying his vacation at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Wallace Chapel Sunday school had an attendance of 99 last Sunday.

W. T. Short, revenue collector, was in our town the first of the week.

Robert Truett is home after a short visit to his parents in Clay county.

Miss Ersie Richardson returned Sunday after a week's visit to Wilder.

Bicknell & Early started a McCormick Harvester to cutting wheat Tuesday.

S. E. Welch, our enterprising merchant spent the past week in Louisville.

Leviard Spence is visiting friends and relatives in Sturgeon, Owsley county.

Mr. Tom Stuart accompanied Miss Ersie Richardson home from Wilder Sunday.

E. P. Urner was in Richmond this week looking up orders for Replating Silverware.

S. C. Kelly, of Evans, Ky., a student at Berea, sends four new subscribers for THE CITIZEN.

Mrs. B. Coddington spent a few days with relatives in Rockcastle Co., the last of the week.

Louis W. Johnson and A. J. Elder have purchased the livery business of Richardson & Powell.

Miss Ellen Click brought in from Jackson County nine new subscribers for THE CITIZEN.

The family of J. F. Rice, who have been boarding at B. R. Robinson's are now boarding at John Fowler's.

Rev. A. P. Smith is out in Rockcastle County; he sent up nine new subscriptions for THE CITIZEN.

Superintendent C. A. King returned home Saturday after an extended visit to Massachusetts.

Miss Jennie Hanson, who has been studying music at Colorado Springs, Colo., returned home Saturday.

J. W. Early was out putting up McCormick Harvesters last week, he reports the wheat crop good.

Brother Dodwell preached at Wallace Chapel Sunday morning. There was a fine congregation present.

Miss Laura Robinson spent the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Robinson, Wallacetown.

Misses Carrie Woods, Pearl Baker, and Ida L. Brooks, left Monday morning for Lake Chautauqua, N. Y.

Miss Julia Rowlett attended the commencement of the Hospital College of Medicine, Louisville, June 27.

It cost three dollars for the privilege of allowing four hogs to roam in the grounds around Ladies' Hall, one night.

Mrs. Lou Hanson, Miss Anna Lindley, and Lester Hill leave Saturday for a visit with friends at Clarkesburg, Ind.

T. A. Robinson, Optician and Jeweler, has given great satisfaction to all who has given him orders for his fine engraving.

Miss Emma Spence, who has been attending the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. Convention at Asheville, N. C., returned Tuesday.

R. G. Mitchell, of Wallacetown, and a former student here, has served out two years as soldier in the Philippines, and returned home Sunday.

T. A. Robinson is doing a good business in his specialty of fitting Spectacles and Eye Glasses. His office is in his Jewelry Store, Welch's Block, Berea, Ky.

Mrs. M. J. Click, of Mulberrygap, Tenn., is spending a few days with her daughter, Ellen Click, before returning home from her visit to Kentucky.

## IS MUSTERED OUT

### Volunteer Army Has Passed Into History.

### EX-SOLDIERS SCATTER HOMeward.

Immense Sum Necessary to Pay Off the Regiments—Grafters on Hand to Rope in the Guttable With Sure Thing Games—General Shafter Put on the Retired List.

San Francisco, July 1.—Two important military events occurred at the Presidio Sunday, the retirement of Major General W. R. Shafter and the mustering out of four volunteer regiments. General Shafter formally transferred the command of the department of California to Major General S. M. B. Young. In the afternoon the Forty-fourth, Forty-ninth, Forty-eighth and Thirty-eighth volunteer regiments were mustered out. The mustering out of the four regiments required the services of eight paymasters. Over \$1,000,000 was disbursed.

The money was taken from the treasury to the Presidio in eight wagons, each under the charge of a paymaster and his clerk, and 45 mounted and armed artillerymen. In order to protect the soldiers on the grounds from grafters with awlning devices, 100 men of troop E, Fifteenth cavalry, were stationed around the reservation. Two of the regiments mustered out, the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth, were colored men, and the men had between three and four months' pay due them. Both the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific ticket offices put out extra forces of clerks. The ticket offices were crowded till late at night with discharged volunteers buying tickets. Nearly 4,000 tickets were issued.

There remained three volunteer regiments to be discharged, the Forty-third, Forty-seventh and Forty-first. These were paid off today and the volunteer army passed into history. Bryan on Foraker's Speech.

Watertown, N. Y., June 26.—William J. Bryan was met here by a large crowd. He addressed a large audience at the state armory on "Civilization," and in the evening he lectured again on "The Conquering Nation." In a reply to Senator Foraker's speech at Columbus, O., Mr. Bryan said: "When Senator Foraker says that I am the only intelligent man who does not admit that the defeat of 1896 was a blessing to the country, he makes an unjust reflection upon the intelligence of more than 8,000,000 people, for there are that many who do not believe a Democratic victory in 1896 would have brought disaster to the nation, and they are all sufficiently intelligent to deserve the respect of Senator Foraker."

Cleveland's Pastor Called.

Catskill, N. Y., July 1.—The Rev. Dr. Byron Sunderland, 83, of Washington, D. C., died here from a blood clot on the brain at the home of his son-in-law, Orrin Day, president of the Tanners' National bank. Dr. Sunderland for more than 60 years had been an active minister of the gospel. For 48 years he was pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Washington, from which he retired because of advanced years in 1888. It was at Dr. Sunderland's church that president and Mrs. Cleveland had a pew while the former was president, and he officiated at the wedding ceremony when President Cleveland married Miss Frances Folsom.

Death of David R. Paige.

New York, July 1.—Colonel David R. Paige of Akron, O., died at the Hotel Braszwick in this city. Mr. Paige was a resident of Akron, O., and was a member of the Forty-eighth congress from the Twentieth Ohio district. In the elections for the Forty-ninth congress Mr. McKinley defeated him. He was later a member of the firm of Paige, Cary & Company, contractors of the Croton aqueduct, New York. He was also a member of the banking firm of Paige Brothers & Company at Pittsfield, O., which failed some years ago. The past few years he lived in retirement.

Shot His Wayward Wife.

Dayton, O., June 29.—Richard Jarvis, 27, a cormaker, fired five shots from a 38 caliber revolver at his wife. Three took effect, one behind the left ear, a second under the left eye and the third in the neck. She was fatally wounded. Jarvis made no effort to avoid arrest. He says his wife left home against his protestations, spent the time in company with other men and returned home in a maudlin condition from drink.

Wrack on the Wahash.

Peru, Ind., June 26.—Westbound passenger train No. 3 on the Wabash railroad ran into a washout at Cass, 15 miles west of here, wrecking the engine and five cars. First reports were that 15 persons were killed.

An Off-Told Tale.

Canton, O., June 29.—Ertie L. Sanders, 18, endeavored to light a kitchen fire with the assistance of a combination of coal oil and gasoline. In the explosion which followed she was so badly burned she will probably die.

Boat Capsized.

East Liverpool, O., June 29.—Angus Hodgson, 17, and Frank Beatty, 24, members of a camping party from this city, were drowned at Grim's bridge, near here. Their boat capsized in deep water.

Commodore Zellier's Last Voyage.

New York, July 1.—Commodore Theodore Zellier, United States navy, 83, retired in 1880, died at his residence in this city of old age. He had been an invalid some years.

Boat Capsized.

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Commodore Zellier's Last Voyage.

Plattburg, N. Y., June 28.—Joseph Ladue, the founder of Dawson City, in the Klondike, died at his home in Schuyler Falls. Mr. Ladue had not been well since his return from Alaska and spent last winter at Colorado Springs in a weak search for health.

## HENDERSON PLEASED.

Called on King Edward and Had a Gratifying Interview.

London, June 27.—David B. Henderson, speaker of the United States house of representatives, said in an interview: "I have never enjoyed a more agreeable half hour interview than the one I had with King Edward. He was perfectly frank and agreeable and in accord with American progress. He looks forward to even more cordial relations than now exist between the English-speaking nations. America may depend upon the fact that she has no more cordial friend in the world than King Edward. While the details of our conversation may not be repeated, I can assure my American friends that England may be depended upon in any ordinary controversy which may arise between America and the rest of the world."

Buying Up Canada.

London, July 1.—In an interview J. Henry Borsouff of the Canadian parliament said: "American capital is spreading around the lakes, up the rivers and along the railway system. It is breaking down the barrier between Canada and the United States. The Americans are not conquering us, but they are buying us up. When this is accomplished it will only need a slight political difference with the home government and the annexation movement, now dead, will revive. Then you will have to look not to the half-Americanized business men of Toronto, but to us French-Canadians, who have saved Canada for you more than once and may save it again unless you hopelessly alienate us."

Death of Senator Kyle.

Aberdeen, S. D., July 2.—Senator James Kyle died Monday evening after an illness of 10 days. He had rallied quite an extent from his first attack and hopes were entertained of his recovery, although at no time was he considered wholly out of danger. Symptoms of bright's disease developed and Sunday his condition became less favorable. Sunday night he grew rapidly worse and Monday morning all hope was given up, his death being only a question of a few hours. His wife is prostrated with grief and is inconsolable. They have two children, a daughter, Ethelwyn, about 15, and a baby boy. The city is in mourning for Senator Kyle was highly esteemed.

Republican Campaign Committee.

Columbus, O., July 1.—At a meeting of the Ohio Republican central committee Congressmen Charles W. E. Dick was chosen chairman of the executive committee. John H. Maloy secretary, W. F. Burdell treasurer, and the remaining members of the committee as follows: E. P. Matthews, Dayton; Julius Fleischmann, Cincinnati; H. A. Martin, Ironton; John W. Flitch, Youngstown; Harry Hoover, Newark; George C. Dunham, Toledo; Charles M. Hogg, Cadiz; S. L. Patterson, Waverly; Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland; A. C. Sands, Sr., Logan; W. L. Parmenter, Lima; H. H. Hollenbeck, Chardon, and Jere A. Brown, Cleveland.

Four Men Killed.

Brazil, Ind., June 29.—During a storm lightning killed four men who were at work harvesting in a wheat field on the J. C. Halbert farm near Lodi. The killed are Frank Bridgewater, Anderson Webster, John Wiggle and Samuel Stewart. Anderson Webster was a prominent farmer of that section, owning the farm adjoining the Halbert place. He was a man of family. The other victims also leave large families.

Woman Killed in a Meets.

Muncie, Ind., July 2.—As a result of a general row at the house of Marion Maritins in this city, in which Maritins, John McCullin, Walter Driscoll and Mrs. Herbert McCall participated, the latter was shot and killed. The affair was shrouded in mystery until the arrest of Walter Driscoll after a long chase. He confessed to the murder. Driscoll is only 16. Mrs. McCall was 19. Her parents reside in Michigan.

Swapt by a Second Storm.

Bethelfield, W. Va., June 27.—Another disastrous storm visited the flood-swept district, and while no loss of life is reported from this second visitation, the damage to

### A Problem in Arithmetic.

Berea is not a money making institution. It gives the services of all its teachers. It charges only an incidental fee to help pay for sweeping and warming the school rooms, etc.

The Hospital fee insures care in my sickness, so that you are safer in Berea than at home!

And then you must live at Berea (you have to eat even if you stay at home!). You may board yourself under proper regulations, board in approved families in Berea, or board *at cost* in College buildings. The items are given below, and should be studied carefully. Notice especially:

1. Room, food, incidental fee and one month's board must be paid *in advance*.

2. Food will be 50 cents more in the winter, 50 cents less in the spring.

3. Students below Grammar school pay only \$1.50 for incidental fee.

4. Students in A Grammar school have free text books.

5. Students bring their own bedding and towels.

6. If you get any work to do for the College you are paid at the end of each month in credits on school expenses.

7. They can't lend you money, but the Treasurer and every teacher will be your friend.

### Necessary Expenses for Term (12 Weeks).

It pays to have a little extra money for beddes, books and other things. But the necessary expenses are only as follows:

	HOWARD	LADIES'
Hall	\$4.50	\$4.50
Hospital Fee	1.00	1.00
Books, etc., about	2.00	2.00
Key Deposit	1.00	1.00
Boots (store, table, etc.)	2.00	2.00
Food (12 weeks)	2.50	3.00
Board of Lampers	5.00	5.00
First Month's Board	5.00	5.00
	15.25	18.75
Total Expenses, 12 Weeks	32.75	37.75

For those below A Grammar school the \$2.00 for books and \$1.00 for incidental fee, making the total only \$24.75.

When four girls room together each saves \$1.00 per week, and \$2.00 more on fuel, making the total only \$21.75.

For those who board themselves can spend as much or little as they choose on living expenses.

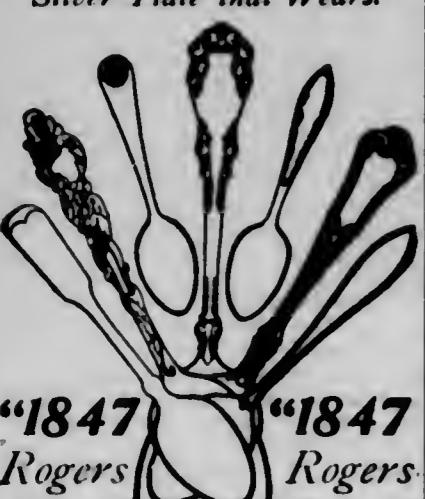
The price of a room, half, a third, less, or a few hours' sleep, is the answer, will give a term of school which will change one's whole life for the better!

### SAMPLE AND BOOKLET FREE



CREAM OF WHEAT CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.  
BICKNELL & EARLY, Berea, Ky.

"Silver Plate that Wears."



"1847 Rogers Bros."

No Substitution

is one of the things you make sure of in buying from us.

Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc., stamped

"1847 Rogers Bros."

we can and will furnish you. We shall not try to make you think some other "Rogers" is "Just as good," or "will wear just as long." "1847" is the acknowledged original and genuine, and imitations are bound to be poor substitutes. You know it. We know it.

Incidentally let us state that the late styles which we are now showing are far superior to anything before produced, equaling sterling in design and finish. It would be hard indeed to improve the wearing quality in silver plate. Come in and see them.

T. A. ROBINSON,  
OPTICIAN & JEWELER

Welch's Block,  
Berea, Kentucky.

### RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

#### God's Cleared From the Teachings of All Denominations.

This is a Christian government, though not legally recognized as such in the constitution.—Rev. Frank S. Rowland, Methodist, Buffalo.

**The Duty of the Church.**  
Christ built a hospital everywhere. He built a church, and that ought to be the spirit of the church, the ministration of some of the church.—Rev. U. A. Dickey, Presbyterian General Moderator.

**Either Right or Wrong.**  
Christianity is right or wrong, and with the words "right" and "wrong" there is no comparative degree. If Christianity is right, nothing should deter us from it.—Rev. Edwin M. Hughes, Mabon, Mass.

**Known by Its Fruits.**  
The best doctrine is that which does most to make men godlike, and the best denomination is the one that will graduate the dullest saints and the most of them.—Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, Presbyterian, New York.

**The Influence of the Sabbath.**  
Christian and Jew alike, all theologians having splitting aside, are interested in having the Sabbath so kept that its benevolent influence to brighten and uplift the life of the people shall be most widely felt.—Rev. Dr. S. Sale, Hebrew, St. Louis.

**Be Optimistic.**  
Let us be optimists. Let us believe in the brighter day. It is the promise of a Saviour whose words never fail to the ground. Toiler for truth and right, work on; work and despair not.—Rev. C. F. Wishart, Reformed Presbyterian, Allegheny, Pa.

**Money Worship.**  
The possession of enormous wealth tends to blind the eyes to the rights and claims of others. The passion for self is one that renders a man very obtuse when great moral questions are brought before him.—Rev. Dr. Lorimer, Tremont Temple, Boston.

**The Body of Christ.**  
No lodge or gathering of any kind can compare or be substituted for the church of Christ. Make no mistake as to the body of Christ. It is no statue, no galvanized corpse or dummy or mannikin of any sort.—Bishop Warren A. Cannon, Methodist, Atlanta.

**Has Religion Lost Its Hold?**  
Religion has lost its hold upon the people, and the reason is that it has not been made the warp and woof of every instruction. We have allowed Christ to be deposed from his place as a teacher of youth.—Right Rev. Mr. Thomas J. Conaty, Catholic, Washington.

**Trust God.**  
Trust, reliance, dependence, are things to be exercised by the creature, not by the creator. There's no trouble with God; it's all with us. If we will trust, he will bestow; if we will lean, he will support; if we will hope, he will fulfill; if we will have faith, he will bring it to pass.—Rev. G. J. Wright, Chaplain United States Navy.

**The Church and Workmen.**  
Oh, my brother men with the hammer and the trowel, it is the church you are so free to remove that has brightened and ennobled the toiler's life, and it is to the church, despite all its shortcomings, you must look for uplifts and enduring freedom in the tomorrow.—Rev. George H. Coombs, Christian Church, Kansas City.

**God's Spiritual Dynamis.**  
The church is God's great spiritual dynamis for the concentration and transference to his people of his mighty moral energy. There may be such a thing as attaching too much importance to the church, viewed from the standpoint of individuals, but we cannot estimate it too highly as the visible body of Jesus Christ.—Rev. James R. Nixon, Methodist, Pittsburgh.

**The Ripening of Evil.**  
God does not use his sickle of destruction upon the wicked until they are ripe. We often wonder why the wicked are allowed to live so long and prosper. "Fret not thyself because of evildoers," says the psalmist; "for they shall soon be cut down." The wicked are not ripe yet; hence are not cut down. The ripening process is going on.—Rev. A. R. Holley, Moore M. Morial Church, Atlanta.

**The Commonwealth of God.**  
There will be no more political corruption when the Christ life is dominant in the life of all the men and women in the world. Then we will be one family, brothers and sisters, children of the same Father, each of us anxious not to get, but to give; not to hurt, but to help; not to pull down, but to set up. We shall have established on earth the commonwealth of God.—Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage, Unitarian, New York.

**God's Tests.**  
Some ask, Why does God send suffering into the world? Why not kill the devil, have the soldiers come home from the battlefields, place bags of gold at the poor man's door and let the sick walk out of the hospitals? But God intends that we should suffer and bear the test that we may be tried and true when we are called hence. God himself suffered as none of us.—Rev. Father J. O. S. Huntington, Episcopalian, New York.

**Immortality Is Certain.**  
One thing is certain—that death changes nothing except location and standpoint. Personality remains untouched. The grave covers no faculty of the soul. I myself will never go into the tomb! Before my body is taken there I shall leave it, and it will go alone, its duty done, its mission ended. I love my body, and my parting will not be without a certain kind of sorrow, just as tender associations move me to tears when I move out of an old house in which I have lived for years. But I have joy also, for I leave a worn-out home for a new and better one.—Rev. George H. Hepworth, Congregationalist, New York.

### Advice in His Answers.

The Rev. John McNeill was holding a revival service at Cardiff, Wales, and announced that he would answer any question about the Bible. At once a note was sent up to him reading as follows:

"Dear Mr. McNeill—If you are seeking to help young men, kindly tell me who was Cain's wife."

That seemed a poser, and the audience waited with intense interest, tempered with amusement, to see how the good man would extricate himself. After a pause he said:

"I love young men, especially young inquirers for light, and I would give this young man a word of advice. It is this: Don't lose your soul's salvation looking after other people's wives."

### The Inventor of the Flaming Mill.

About the year 70 B. C. Mithridates, king of Cappadocia, one of the most benevolent and able princes of the time, invented the first mill driven by water. This triumph of his skill and ingenuity he caused to be erected in the immediate vicinity of the royal palace. In the course of time the Cappadocian bakers became celebrated and were in great demand throughout all parts of the world as then known.

These mills were usually placed upon boats on the river, being so elevated and contrived as to be easily driven by the water, and the millers were thus enabled to move from place to place, distributing the meal to their customers.

### A Professional Blinder.

"I am satisfied now that I have made a professional blinder in your case," the physician said, noting the symptoms of his patient.

"A blinder, doctor? Don't I seem to be improving fast enough?"

"You are improving too fast. Your malady had begun to interest me exceedingly, and I wanted to see what it would develop into if allowed to run, but I stupidly gave you a prescription that has knocked it entirely out of your system."—Chicago Tribune.

### Not Carefree.

**Mrs. Housekeep—Do you really mean to say you are looking for work?**

**Harvard Hasbeen—No, lady; that's neither what I said nor what I meant to say. I said I was looking for employment.**—Philadelphia Press.

### MALCOM KIRK.

*A Tale of Moral Heroism In Overcoming the World.*

By CHARLES M. SHELDON,  
Author of "In His Steps," "Crucifixion of Philip Strong," "Robert Hardy's Seven Days."

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### [CONTINUED.]

#### CHAPTER II.

#### KIRK RECEIVES HIS SECOND CALL AND ACTS UPON IT.

"I'm superintendent of missions for Kansas. I want you to take a church out there. You're just the man I've been looking for. Don't say 'No,' for I must have you."

Kirk looked at the superintendent thoughtfully. Was this the second call he had mentioned?

"There's this scholarship. I feel the need of the training abroad."

"All right. Go on with that. But there's a church that will be ready for you at the end of your year there. It's in the growing town of Conrad and a great opening for hard work. The man there will leave at the end of the year."

Kirk said nothing. He looked out of his window. Right across the campus stood the beautiful residence of Dorothy Gilbert's father. It was not the first time he had looked in that direction.

"Of course," continued the superintendent briskly, "you understand the church is a home missionary church and cannot offer you a large salary. They can raise perhaps \$400 or possibly \$450. The society will grant \$200 or \$250. You could count on about \$800 probably."

Kirk was silent. He turned his head away from the window and glanced around his room. The shabby backed books, the simple pieces of furniture, the faded carpet, the meager furnishings, all smote him keenly. It was not the first time his poverty had thrust itself upon him coarsely, but he seemed to feel it more deeply than ever. As he faced the superintendent who was waiting for a reply Kirk had a most astonishing and absurd feeling come over him. He was not thinking about his German scholarship or about the superintendent. The superintendent would have been snuffed into insignificance if he could have rend Kirk's thought. What Kirk was saying to himself was, "How can Dorothy Gilbert and I live on \$800 a year in a home missionary church?"

"Well," the superintendent spoke, with a slight trace of impatience, "what do you say? Give me a favorable answer. You can make your mark out there; plenty of hard work, but a good field. Tell me you'll take it."

"Very well, I promise to take the debt when I open when I finish my studies abroad."

Kirk spoke quietly, but his lips closed firmly, and he turned his head and looked out over the campus again.

There was a little more talk between them, and the superintendent went out. The minute he was gone Kirk pulled down his curtains and locked his door. It was a little after noon, and the regular commencement dinner was served at 1. He walked up and down his darkened room talking to himself. His future was at last decided—at least for a time. He had some place in the world. Some one wanted him. He was

ambitious, as a Christian gentleman should be. He wanted to do great things in the kingdom of God on earth. Could he do them in that little home missionary church?

It was not at all contrary to his regular habits of life that he kneeled down and prayed. It was a prayer of thanksgiving and also one of petition. He knew with perfect clearness as he kneeled in his darkened room that he loved Dorothy Gilbert with all his might. The complete absurdity of his position had nothing to do with the fact that he loved her. She was rich, she was accomplished, she was beautiful, family, but he loved her. He was poor, he was plain looking, he had no prospects beyond his scholarship and \$700 or \$800 a year in a home missionary church, but he loved Dorothy Gilbert. It made no difference that his Christian training seemed to rebuke his choice of one so far removed from him in every way. That did not destroy his feeling for her and did not change it. In his prayer he craved for wisdom; he asked to be led by the Spirit.

He was not the man to wreck a life of Christian service on a passion of the heart, even if its hunger were never fed. But when he arose and went over to the alumni hall to join the class there at the final banquet he carried with him the knowledge that the future for him must have Dorothy Gilbert with it if he would do or be all that he felt he had a right to pray for.

The week that followed commencement day at Hermon found Kirk almost alone in the seminary building. He had been employed by one of the professors in doing some special copying of a book manuscript. In a few days this would be finished. He had fixed on the following Thursday to sail for Liverpool. He had determined to begin his studies as soon as possible. He had been to see the president of the faculty about his scholarship and, to his great relief, found that he was largely free to study in the way that seemed of most value to himself.

"You see, it's this way, sir. It will do me very little good to go to a German university and take some special course in language or history. I feel the need of another method of study. If I can use this scholarship to study human conditions in large cities, going to the people for my material at first hand, it will be of infinitely larger value to me and to the seminary than a course in lectures and books."

"You are free to mark out your own methods of study," replied the president. "According to the terms of the scholarship, the only condition is a year spent abroad. In some regular course of study, with a report of it to be made within six months to the seminary."

So Kirk was happy in his thought of the year's work, and when the treasurer had given him the check for the \$700 and he had gone to Boston and engaged his passage in the intermediate cabin he felt as if he had a very interesting year before him.

He had come back to his room and made his final preparations for leaving. They were very simple necessarily. He was going light-handed to live in the most frugal, economical manner possible. It was now Tuesday evening. His vessel sailed Thursday afternoon. He was all ready to go, and yet he had an irresistible longing to see Dorothy Gilbert before he went.

He fought against the inclination until 8 o'clock and then did what he knew he would do all along—he dressed in the most careful manner he knew how and walked straight across the campus to her house.

As he went up the steps he heard the piano. Dorothy was playing. When he was in the hall, he glanced into the parlor and saw Francis Raleigh standing there.

Then a fit of timidity seized him. Something in Raleigh's face and manner made him feel that it was impossible to see Dorothy Gilbert with the gifted artist. He asked the servant if Mr. Gilbert was at home and said he wanted to see him a few moments.

It was the next to a lie that Malcom Kirk

## DRINKERS WARNED.

## Even Small Quantities of Alcohol at Meats Are Harmful.

Professor Victor Horsley, F. R. S., lecturing at the London Institution, declared emphatically against the use of alcohol in a dietary form. The subject he dealt with was, to be precise, "The Effect of Alcohol on the Nervous System," and his remarks were listened to by a crowded audience.

At the outset the professor said that his purpose was to lay before his audience a survey of the most recent work that had been done on the question of taking into the body not large quantities of alcohol—that was known to be injurious—but small quantities, usually spoken of as dietary—that which people imbibe at mealtimes. Alcohol acted like all drugs, selectively upon the tissues. It acted more particularly on the peripheral nerves, running in the limbs and extremities. The fact that alcohol in quantities not enough to produce drunkenness, but in such a quantity as to justify the term of "soaking," produced paralysis of the nerves and extremities had only recently been recognized.

Professor Horsley called to his aid the results of recent investigations by Professor Kraepelin, an authority whose name should, he thought, be a household word, who pointed out that alcohol had an immediately quickening effect, but that was followed by a second stage of failure and loss of power. The subjective sensation of well being, such as was experienced, for instance, after taking wine, was, he declared, a deception as regards the activity of the brain in doing intellectual work, and it was also a deception as regards the performance of muscular work.

It was, however, new for them to learn that it was a serious intellectual deception to take alcohol even in extremely small quantities. This fact was of great importance in endeavoring to understand how a substance like alcohol, which paralyzed, could also stimulate. The first effect of a small quantity of alcohol was to suspend or to interfere with the operation of the highest parts of the brain, which, translated into popular language, meant the loss of the controlling mechanism, as though a brake had been removed from a wheel which went on more quickly than before, but not necessarily more efficiently. On the other hand, experiments with tea showed that at first it produced an acceleration, but there was no paralyzing effect subsequently. The stimulation stage with this liquid passed away, but there was no loss of power, and precisely the same thing had been shown with regard to coffee.

## WOMEN DRINKING MORE.

## Secret Drunkenness on the Increase Among England's Gentle Sex.

It is, I fear, true that drunkenness has lately increased among English women, and not only among those of them who are dwellers in the slums, but also among the well to do and the wealthy. Indeed in regard to this vice the women of Great Britain, of all social grades and of all degrees of culture, have a bad pre-eminence among the English speaking women of the world.

In the United States and Canada intoxication among women is comparatively rare. In Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand the condition of women as regards this vice is far better than it is with us in England. It is true that of the total number of persons arrested for drunkenness in this country women constitute rather less than a third, but in that third few save those belonging to the "submerged" sections are included. Of the working class and the middle and upper class female drunkards very few ever see the interior of a police court. Secret drinking is their scourge. But there is a great deal of that.

In this country it is customary to attribute female intemperance almost exclusively to grocers' licenses. Yet in Gothenburg grocers' licenses form a far larger proportion of all licenses than they do in England. Yet women there and throughout Scandinavia generally are exceedingly temperate. It is to something deeper reaching and much less manageable than grocers' licenses, bad as these are, that we owe this curse. Our fathers ate sour grapes, and our teeth are set on edge.—Agnes E. Slack in Union Signal.

## Huxley on Alcohol.

In a letter published in his "Life and Letters," replying to a question as to what he thought of alcohol as a stimulant to the brain in mental work, Professor Huxley said:

"Speaking for myself—and perhaps I may add for persons of my temperament—I can say without hesitation that I would just as soon take a dose of arsenic as I would of alcohol under such circumstances. Indeed, on the whole, I should think the arsenic safer, less likely to lead to physical and moral degradation. It will be better to die outright than to be alcoholized before death. If a man cannot do brain work without stimulants of any kind, he had better turn to hard work. It is an indication on nature's part that she did not mean him to be a head worker."

## Chicago's Saloon Business.

Nearly one-third of the more than \$11,000,000 of Chicago's yearly revenue is derived from saloon licenses. Other facts and figures presented by the Chicago Tribune show the size of the rum business. There are 6,871 saloons in the city, and it is estimated that they sell 1,700,000 barrels of beer in a year and, of course, large quantities of liquors. It is ascertained that the saloons, big and little, take in an average of \$25 a day. Virtually all of them keep open on Sunday, and for a year of \$65 days this means \$58,125,375 a year as the bar bill of Chicago.

## Other Locals.

T. A. Robinson, the Jewelor, is now settled in his new stand in Welch's Block, and is prepared to do repairing of Watches and Jewelry of all kinds on short notice.

Mrs. Yocom, Mrs. Hudson, Misses Abbie Merrow and Ethel Todd, G. W. Pow, and Dr. Burgess, will attend the C. E. Convention at Cincinnati, Saturday to Monday.

Married June 26 at the home of the bride's uncle in Winchester, Mr. H. C. Tinsley and Miss Lottie F. Woodford. Mr. and Mrs. Tinsley graduated at Berea College.

Isaac Todd, postmaster at Rockford, was in our office Saturday. Mr. Todd is a candidate for assessor of Rockcastle County, subject to the action of the Republican Primary, which meets Aug. 15.

The following students at Berea were awarded first class certificates to teach at examination held June 21 and 22: J. W. Cope and Willie Blanton in Madison County; Mrs. Frank Coyle, Misses Laura Spence and Ida Parkerson, in Rockcastle County; and D. G. Bales, in Garrard County.

The theory that two bodies cannot occupy the same space at the same time is partially dispelled by the use of the long distance telephone. Our telephone company have received a number of such instruments and we can visit and converse with (momentarily as it were) friends in distant cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Eb. Spiuk and children, of Illinois, accompanied by their son Mark, Mrs. Hudson and son Estmer, Misses Mora and Nellie Burdette, Mary and Rosa Parks, and John and Charley Burdette, all of this place, visited the caves on Horse Lick three days last week. They enjoyed the trip very much. Mr. and Mrs. Spink and children left for their home in Illinois, Monday after a very pleasant visit in Berea and vicinity.

Miss Robinson has secured an opportunity for an exhibit of Homespun at the Pan-American Exposition. It is to be found in the central court yard of the Manufacturers and Liberal Arts Building, immediately to the right as one enters from the south, and is a part of the exhibit of the National Arts Club, of New York City. The coverlet included in this exhibit was woven by Mrs. Anderson of Jackson County.

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Public Meeting and Picnic of the Kentucky Colored Teachers Association, July 4, in Berea Tabernacle.

9. A. M. Our District Schools. Speeches by Bell White, Hathaway, and Mrs. Sophia P. Craig.

11 A. M. A Farmers' Independence. Prof. CARVER, Tuskegee, Ala.

BASKET DINNER AT 12 O'CLOCK

2.30 P. M. Race Progress. Addressed by Prof. L. WILLIAMS, of Covington, Ky., and Prof. COOK, of Washington, D. C.

EVERYBODY WELCOME

RAILWAYS AND HIGHWAYS.

How the Former Are Benefited by Improved Roads.

The Illinois Central railroad has started a very practical movement in this section in the interest of good roads, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat. It is one that will have the support of all and will be followed by the other companies as well. It is needless to point out that a railroad is benefited by good roads in the country it runs through. Whatever brings prosperity to the tributary region of course brings business and prosperity to it.

Good roads allow produce for shipment by the railroad to be brought a much longer distance and in better condition than otherwise possible. If the roads are bad, it will scarcely pay to haul goods more than 12 or 15 miles—they will not bear longer transportation—but if the highways are well maintained these same goods can be hauled 25 and 30 miles at no greater cost. But while it is undoubtedly to the interest of the companies to look after the highways and make sure that they are maintained in good order, the railroads have generally so much other work to attend to that they can scarcely give time and attention to this matter, which cannot be regarded as a part of their legitimate duties.

The good roads movement shows great strength in the north, where a practical test has proved that a road way will pay for itself in two years—that is, the profit of the farmers from the cheaper hauling will in two years exceed the original cost of the highway. The south, however, has done little in this matter as yet, for which reason the work of the Illinois Central will be all the more appreciated.

Bay State Highways. Up to Jan. 1 last the Massachusetts highway commission had improved 816 miles of road at a cost of more than \$2,000,000.

## Correspondence.

## TO OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

Please don't let this weather discourage you so much as to cause you to quit writing to THE CITIZEN regularly.

Let us hear from Wallacetown, Eversole, Conkling, Bright Shade, Panola, Kirby Knob, Collingsworth, White's Station, and all the other places. We would very much appreciate a noway letter from Wildie, Woodford. Mr. and Mrs. Tinsley graduated at Berea College.

I can tell you how you can earn enough money during vacation to pay all your expenses for the Fall, Winter or Spring Term at Berea College. Write now to John Dodwell, Citizen Office, Berea, Ky.

## Rockcastle County.

## Clear Creek.

William Gadd is improving after serious sickness.

Farmers in this part are very busy working in their crops.

J. E. Hammond, Jr., visited friends in Madison County last Sunday.

Mrs. Eliza Hammond who has been very low with chills is slowly improving.

O. M. Payne, the hustling merchant, has just received a new line of Men and Boy's Hats.

## Rockford.

News is scarce with us just now.

A. P. Gadd was in Berea Saturday. Crops are needing rain at present.

A number of our people visited at Disputants Sunday.

Miss Ray Allman visited Miss Mae Todd a few days ago.

W. H. Stephens called on his "best girl" at Clear Creek Sunday.

Jake Jones has moved to the farm lately bought of Jas. E. Dalton.

Our farmers are quite busy harvesting wheat and laying by corn.

Frank Jones, of Livingston, moved to the farm vacated by his brother Jake.

A number of our young people, among them sons of the little ones, visited the Misses Vairas Sunday, and had quite an enjoyable time.

## Withers.

The Sunday-school at Fairview is in good condition.

John Drew, of Orlando, has been sick the past week.

A number of Richmond men are here prospecting for coal.

This county has decided on a primary to be held August 15th.

Mrs. Ollie Abner, of Orlando, died June 27, at the home of her son Jas.

A number of our neighbor boys are preparing to come to Berea to school this fall.

Joseph Drew, one of our merchants, is preparing to build a storehouse at Evergreen.

J. A. Wood & Co., of Orlando, recently received a large tie contract from the L. & N.

Mr. and Mrs. Drew, of Orlando, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Mullins last Sunday.

Tip Langford, a foreman on the K. C., who has been very sick, is out again with his crew.

Our farmers are taking advantage of the good weather to clean their corn. Crops are promising a good yield.

Uncle Stephen Anglin is the oldest man in our community. He is 97 years old and goes about among his friends.

WANTED.—Capable, reliable persons in every country to represent the firm of John and Jas. Mullins in Orlando, Fla., salary per year, payable weekly; \$1 per day absolutely sure and all expenses straight, bona fide, definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 334 DEARHORN ST., CHICAGO.

The Good Roads Convention, which met at Louisville Thursday and Friday, of last week, was a decided success for a starter, but it's true success must be looked for in the stimulus it may give to the cause of good roads throughout the State. Lexington gets next year's convention.

If you want to come to Berea to school, the CITIZEN will help you. Write at once to Rev. John Dodwell, Berea, Ky., and he will tell you how to secure the help.

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Applied Science—Two years course, with Agriculture for young men, and Domestic Science for young ladies.

Normal Course—Two years, with practice teaching.

Academy Course—Four years, fitting for College, for business, and

College Course—Literary, Philosophical, Classical. [for life]

Music—Reed Organ, Choral (free), Vocal, Piano, Theory.

We are here to help all who will help themselves toward a Christian education. Our instruction is a free gift. Students pay a small incidental fee to meet expenses of the school apart from instruction, and must also pay for board in advance. Expenses for term (12 weeks) may be brought within \$24.00, about \$14 to be paid in advance.

The school is endorsed by Baptists, Congregationalist, Disciples, Methodists, Presbyterians, and good people of all denominations.

For information and friendly advice address the Secretary,

W. C. GAMBLE, Berea, Madison Co., Ky.

## THE HOME.

## CHILDREN'S NERVES.

They Have a Marked Effect Both on Their Looks and Dispositions.

Nervousness is a childish ailment which masquerades under a variety of names, naughtiness being the one most in use. If the cases of any ten so called intractable children were to be investigated, long school hours, improper food or lack of out door exercise would be found the trouble with at least nine of them.

These things all effect the nerves, although the symptoms are different in different children. The high spirited ones indulge in mischievous pranks which drive their elders almost distracted. "I can't imagine what is the matter with Tommy," said a young school teacher. "He is tractable enough during the morning, but along toward the middle of the afternoon he begins to 'cut up' as if a demon of mischief possessed him." I remembered the case of another child. He also was considered unmanageable until the doctor suggested shorter school hours, less night study and a chance to indulge in out of door sports. After a month of the new order of affairs, the change in his disposition surprised every one.

In girls nervousness shows itself differently. They bite their nails and lips, and more than one girl student has spoiled her good looks for life by little tricks of this sort. A schoolmate of mine was in the habit of rolling down her lower lip with her pencil while she studied. As a result it acquired an ugly droop which she could never get rid of. Another girl found it impossible to study unless she twisted and pulled a short lock on her right temple. The result was peculiar. The lock turned a decided gray after a couple of years, and when she went to a specialist to find the reason why, he traced it directly to her nervous trick.

As for the cases where children's nails and lips are daily bitten to the quick, they are so common they are scarcely worth mentioning. It is noticeable, however, that the moment these girls begin their vacations their nervous habits cease completely, and are only resumed when they go back to their overcrowded study hours.

A prominent doctor said recently, "If parents would think less of cramping their children with useless knowledge, which they forget in a few years, and would appreciate the value of giving them calm nerves and healthy bodies, which they retain through life, the human race would be vastly benefited not only in looks, but in character."

MAUD ROBINSON.

A simple way to clean knives is to take a small piece of old Brussels carpet, sprinkle it well with either bath brick or emery powder, and slightly moisten it with methylated spirit. Then double it and rub the knives backward and forward, using the left hand to steady the carpet. After a few passes the knives will have acquired a brilliant polish.

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